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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/660,712	09/12/2003	Paul E. Reilly	P1584C3-946	7648
7590 06/27/2006			EXAMINER	
BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P.			PATEL, NIKETA I	
P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, VA 22313-1404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2181	

DATE MAILED: 06/27/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/660,712	REILLY, PAUL E.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Niketa I. Patel	2181	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was really received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Jules</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 13-2 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 13-2 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 12 September 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No In this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	FRITZ FLEMING.	
Attachment(s)		MUSIS)	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Upon further review, the examiner has discovered that this application has claims, which are anticipated by USPN: 6,401,150 B1, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn and a double patenting rejection applied.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claim 13 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 1, 2, 15 of U.S. Patent No. 6,401,150 B1 (hereinafter USPN-150.) Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 13 of the present application is brooder version of the limitations of claim 15 of the USPN-150, both of these claims are directed towards a

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printer initiating a communication with a host computer to retrieve print job data when the particular print request has reached the top of the localized print queue.

- 4. Claims 19 and 20 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 1, 2, 15 USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 19 of the present application is brooder version of the limitations of claim of the USPN-150, both of these claims are directed towards a printer initiating a communication with a host computer to retrieve print job data when the particular print request has reached the top of the localized print queue.
- 5. Claim 21 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the combination of claims 24, 29 of USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 21 of the present application is brooder version of the limitations of claim of the USPN-150, both of these claims are directed towards a printer initiating a communication with a host computer to retrieve print job data when the particular print request has reached the top of the localized print queue.
- 6. Claim 14 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 2 of USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both of these claims are directed towards the printer initiating a print connection with one of the host computers corresponding to said job information at a top of said localized print queue when said printer becomes available.

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7. Claim 15 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 3 of USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both of these claims are directed towards the network printing system further comprising a plurality of network services protocol/ports for connecting between the host computers and the printer.

- 8. Claim 16 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 4 of USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both of these claims are directed towards a network printing system wherein the network services protocol/ports comprise imaging device protocol (IDP) ports and no-IDP ports.
- 9. Claim 17 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 5 of USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both of these claims are directed towards a network printing system further comprising an IDP emulator for emulating IDP print requests from non-IDP ports so that print job information for both IDP and non-IDP print requests may be queued in said localized print queue.
- 10. Claim 18 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 6 of USPN-150. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both of these claims are directed towards a network printing system wherein print job information stored in the localized print queue comprises the print job name, creator application, estimated print time, number of pages to print, number of pages in print job, document status, image content and media.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Niketa I. Patel whose telephone number is (571) 272 4156. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fritz Fleming can be reached on (571) 272 4145. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

NP 06/23/2006

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